IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently amended): A pressure-fluid-operated percussion device comprising a frame [[(2)]] allowing a tool [[(13)]] to be arranged therein movably in its longitudinal direction, means for feeding pressure liquid to the percussion device [[(1)]] and for returning pressure liquid to a pressure liquid tank, and means for producing a stress pulse in the tool by utilizing pressure of the pressure liquid, wherein the percussion device [[(1)]] comprises a working pressure chamber [[(3)]] filled with pressure liquid and, between the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] and the tool [[(13)]], a transmission piston [[(4)]] which is movably arranged in the longitudinal direction of the frame [(2)] and which is in contact with the tool [(13)] either directly or indirectly at least during stress pulse generation, and a charging pressure chamber [(7)] on the side of the transmission piston [(4)] facing the tool [(13)] so that the transmission piston [[(4)]] is provided with a pressure surface [[(A1)]] facing the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] and on the side of the charging pressure chamber [[(7)]] a pressure surface [[(A2)]] facing the tool [[(13)]], characterized in that wherein the means for producing a stress pulse comprise a pressure liquid source connected with the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] in order to maintain pressure in the working pressure chamber [[(3)]], and means for intermittently feeding, to the charging pressure chamber [[(7)]], pressure liquid whose pressure enables the transmission piston [[(4)]] to be pushed towards the working pressure chamber [[(3)]], against the pressure of the pressure liquid in the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] and into a predetermined backward position of the transmission piston [[(4)]] such that pressure liquid is discharged from the working pressure chamber [[(3)]], and for alternately allowing

pressure liquid to be discharged rapidly from the charging pressure chamber [[(7)]] so that a force produced by the pressure of the pressurized pressure liquid in the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] and flowing thereto from the pressure liquid source pushes the transmission piston [[(4)]] in the direction of the tool [[(13)]], compressing the tool [[(13)]] in its longitudinal direction and thus generating a stress pulse in the tool [[(13)]].

Claim 2 (Currently amended): A percussion device as claimed in claim 1, eharacterized in that wherein the means for feeding pressurized pressure liquid to the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] are arranged to feed the pressure liquid such that the pressure in the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] remains substantially constant during operation of the percussion device.

Claim 3 (Currently amended): A percussion device as claimed in claim 1, wherein or 2, characterized in that the pressure liquid of equal pressure is fed to the working chamber [[(3)]] and to the charging pressure chamber, and that the pressure surfaces (A1, A2) of the transmission piston [[(4)]] facing the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] and the charging pressure chamber [[(7)]], respectively, are dimensioned such that a sum of forces being formed pushes the transmission piston [[(4)]] into its backward position.

Claim 4 (Currently amended): A percussion device as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, <u>wherein any</u> one of the preceding claims, characterized in that the working pressure chamber [[(3)]] is connected to a pressure liquid source, such as a pressure liquid pump [[(6)]], such that the pressure liquid source tries to feed pressure liquid thereto continuously.

Claim 5 (Currently amended): A percussion device as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, <u>wherein any</u> one of the preceding claims, characterized in that it comprises a pressure accumulator connected with the working pressure chamber [[(3)]].